

# S.R.T. Electrified Train Company Limited announcement Enterprise Risk management Policy (ERM)

## 1. Introduction to Enterprise Risk Management (ERM)

The Enterprise Risk Management (ERM) policy has been developed to provide a comprehensive framework for identifying, assessing, and managing risks that could impact the operational efficiency and reputation of the S.R.T. Electrified Train Company Limited, which is a leading company in train operations and maintenance.

The purpose of the policy is to ensure that risks are managed effectively in accordance with the strategic objectives of the company and that all employees are aware of their roles and responsibilities in this process.

## 2. The scope of Enterprise Risk Management (ERM)

The policy applies to all activities, duties, and operations of the S.R.T. Electrified Train Company Limited. Employees, contractors, and all stakeholders must adhere to the policy.

#### 3. Definition

"The Company" means to the S.R.T. Electrified Train Company Limited;

"Board of Directors" means to the Board of Directors of the S.R.T. Electrified Train Company Limited;

"Chief Executive Officer" means to the Chief Executive Officer of the S.R.T. Electrified Train Company Limited;

"Executive Employees" means to individuals who are employed by the S.R.T. Electrified Train Company Limited on a monthly salary basis and hold positions such as Deputy Chief Executive Officer, Assistant Chief Executive Officer, Department Director, Deputy Department Director, Division Manager, Section Manager, in hierarchical order, excluding the Chief Executive Officer;

"Employee" ...

"Employee" means to an individual who is employed by the S.R.T. Electrified Train Company Limited on a monthly salary basis, excluding the Chief Executive Officer and executive-employees;

"Temporary employee" means to a project worker or contract employee who works for the S.R.T. Electrified Train Company Limited on a project basis or for a specific job, with a defined work duration and/or monthly and/or annual terms;

"Risk" means any event or action that may occur under uncertain circumstances and could have a negative impact, causing financial or non-financial damage to the company, such as affecting the company's image and reputation, or causing failure or reducing the opportunity of achieving the company's vision and mission objectives;

"Enterprise Risk Management" means to the process carried out by board of directors, Chief Executive Officer, executive employees, all employees, and temporary employees to help analyze and anticipate potential events or risks, as well as to define strategies or approaches to manage these risks to an acceptable or appropriate level, ensuring reasonable confidence in achieving the organization's set objectives;

"Risk Assessment" means the process of identifying and prioritizing existing risks by evaluating their likelihood of occurrence and impact. Risks can be assessed based on both external and internal factors within the company;

"The likelihood of an event occurring" means to the frequency or probability of a risk event occurring;

"Impact" means to the magnitude of severity or damage that would occur to the company if a risk event happens;

"Risk Level" means to the status of risk obtained from assessing the likelihood and impact of each risk factor, divided into three levels: high risk, medium risk, and low risk;

"Control Activities" means to the definition of various activities and practices performed to reduce risk and ensure operations achieve the company's objectives and targets. For example, defining operational processes related to risk management for personnel within the company to ensure that the risks can be managed correctly and in line with established

goals;

"Risk Owner" means to executive employees, employees, or assigned individuals who

are responsible for performing duties in processes that may pose risks, or those who are directly

in contact with the risk and have the capability to manage and mitigate that risk;

"Risk Factor" means an occurrence or details of an event that indicate the source of

the risk;

4. Enterprise Risk Management Philosophy

The company is committed to taking a proactive and systematic approach to risk

management that is consistent with best practices and standards in public rail transport. The

Company believes that effective risk management is an essential part of the Company's daily

operations and decision-making processes and are critical to achieving strategic goals and

protecting assets, reputations, and stakeholder interests.

5. Objectives of Risk Management

The main objectives of the company's ERM policy are:

a. Identify and assess risks that may impact the achievement of strategic objectives and

the operational efficiency of the company.

b. Develop appropriate risk mitigation strategies and controls to minimize the likelihood

and impact of identified risks.

c. Establish clear lines of responsibility for risk management activities and ensure that

all employees are aware of their roles and responsibilities.

e. Monitor, review, and report on the effectiveness of risk management processes and

controls continuously.

6. Risk management Policy

The company is committed to enterprise risk management (ERM) to prevent issues that

could impact safety, stakeholder interests, reputation, customer satisfaction and service

level, and budget. It continuously develops systems and adheres to relevant laws and

regulations.

1. The Company intends to conduct enterprise risk management (ERM) according to

the international standard framework for enterprise risk management (ERM), which consists of

planning, implementing, monitoring, reviewing, maintaining, and improving. It covers the

main activities and activities that support the organization's core business.

2. The company will provide at least annual training on enterprise risk management

(ERM) to ensure preparedness, understanding of the context of responsibilities, and to foster

a consciousness in managing enterprise risks (ERM) among executives, employees, and/or

relevant personnel on a consistent and regular basis.

3. The company will oversee the enterprise risk management (ERM) system,

ensuring that operations are audited at least once a year in accordance with the

enterprise risk management processes. This is in line with the plan for risk monitoring and

audits, aimed at continuous development and improvement.

4. The company considers enterprise risk management (ERM) to be the

responsibility of every employee and requires cooperation in compliance with the

enterprise risk management (ERM) policies to embed the ERM system as part of the

organizational culture, enabling the organization to operate continuously and efficiently.

The mentioned enterprise risk management (ERM) policy will be communicated to all

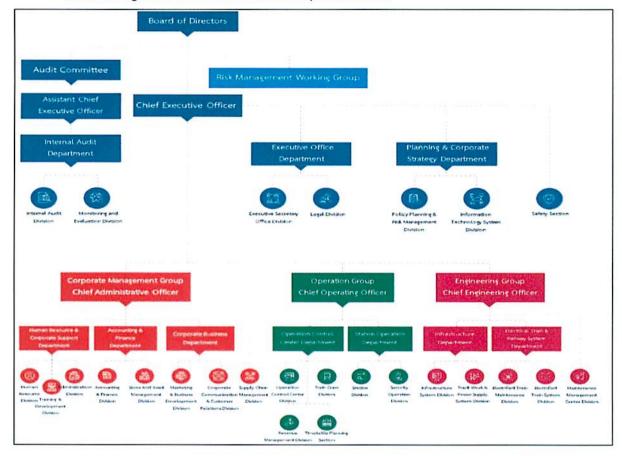
relevant employees throughout the organization, to ensure that employees understand,

implement, maintain, and sustain it indefinitely.

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## 7. Risk Management Structure and Responsibilities

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## Responsibilities according to the risk management structure.

Committee/Department	Roles and Responsibilities
Board of Directors	1) Understand the risks that could have a severe impact on
	the organization and ensure that appropriate actions are
	taken to manage those risks.
	2) Consider establishing a risk management policy and ensure
	that there are systems for risk management and internal
	controls, including oversight mechanisms for effective and
	efficient monitoring and auditing.
Audit Committee	1) Review the adequacy of the internal control system and
	internal audit system, including the review of the efficiency
	of the system operations and compliance with laws, rules,
	regulations, and company announcements, as well as the
	follow-up actions of the management, which includes the
	rewards and penalties of those involved in compliance or
	non-compliance with laws, rules, regulations, and
	announcements.
	2) Inquire about the level of significant risks and the risk
	management methods to reduce them from the
	management, internal audit, and auditors.
	3) Report to board of directors about the effectiveness and
	efficiency of internal controls.
Risk Management Working	1) Establish strategies and approaches for managing the risk
Group	of each responsible division to align with the risk
	management policy, enabling the assessment, monitoring,
	and managing of the company's risk volume to an
	appropriate level.
	2) Define the risk appetite that the company can accept,
	aligning with the organizational context.
	3) Study risk data and statistics at both the national and
	regional levels and consider such risk issues.

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Committee/Department	Roles and Responsibilities
	4) Provide information on risks occurring in the same business
	sector, identifying any business risk issues, and delegate
	the risk management working group to further address
	these issues.
	5) Set criteria for the level of risk the company can accept.
	6) Determine measures that will be used to manage risk
	appropriate to the situation.
	7) Implement risk management measures to ensure they are
	in line with the set objectives.
	8) Oversee and support the operation of enterprise risk
	management and stakeholder management to be
	consistent with business strategies and goals, as well as
	changing situations.
	9) Support the risk management working group in terms of
	personnel, budget, and other necessary resources to
	match the scope of responsibility.
	10) Contribute to improving the risk management system.
	11) Communicate to the relevant employees and internal
	organization about the risk management plan and the
	results of risk management for each phase.
	12) Participate in bi-annual meetings to review the results of
	risk management, separating meeting agendas about
	operations, the risk status of each division, and any
	changes, including what needs to be improved or adjusted
	to align with the policies and strategies set.
	13) In cases where risks cannot be reduced to an acceptable
	level, the risk management working group should consider
	developing a business continuity plan.

Committee/Department	Roles and Responsibilities
Chief Executive Officer	1) Monitor significant risks across the organization and
	establish measures or risk management plans to ensure
	that there are appropriate risk management plans in place.
	2) Promote risk management policies and support the
	implementation of risk management processes throughout
	the organization.
Executive employees	1) Monitor significant risks across the organization and define
	measures or risk management plans for the departments
	under their responsibility to ensure that there are
	appropriate risk management plans in place.
	2) Oversee that the operations within the responsible
	department have adequate risk assessment, risk
	management, and risk reporting.
	3) Promote awareness of the importance of risk management
	among the department's personnel and ensure it is
	integrated into the regular workflow.
	4) Cooperate as the Risk Owner in the mission of the Policy,
	Planning, and Risk Management Department, Internal
	Audit, to oversee and monitor the implementation
	according to the risk management plan.
Employees and temporary	1) Identify and report risks associated with their job
Employees	responsibilities, assess these risks, and report them to their
	supervisors in the hierarchy.
	2) Participate in the development of risk management plans
	and implement these plans.
Policy Planning & Risk	1) Develop and review risk management policies, plans, and
Management Division	processes, and present them to the risk management
	working group for consideration and approval before
	submitting them to the company's board of directors for
	final approval.

Committee/Department	Roles and Responsibilities
	2) Promote and support all departments in implementing risk
	management according to the policy and the risk
	management plan approved by the company's board of
	directors.
	3) Create and review tools and methods to support effective
	risk assessment.
	4) Analyze and evaluate the adequacy and appropriateness
	of the risk management processes and propose ways to
	review the risk management processes.
	5) Conduct at least an annual review of the risk management
	manual.
Quality Management	1) Review the operational processes, risk management
System Internal Auditor	processes, procedures, and the oversight provided and
	carried out by the management to ensure they are
	adequate, effective, and efficient.
	2) Report significant issues related to risk management
	findings, including suggestions for improving processes in
	activities, to the risk management working group.
	Monitor and compare the results of risk management to
	propose recommendations for improvements and
	developments to the risk management working group.

Announced on the date of 08 December 2023

(Mr. Sutep Punthupeng)

Chief Executive Officer